

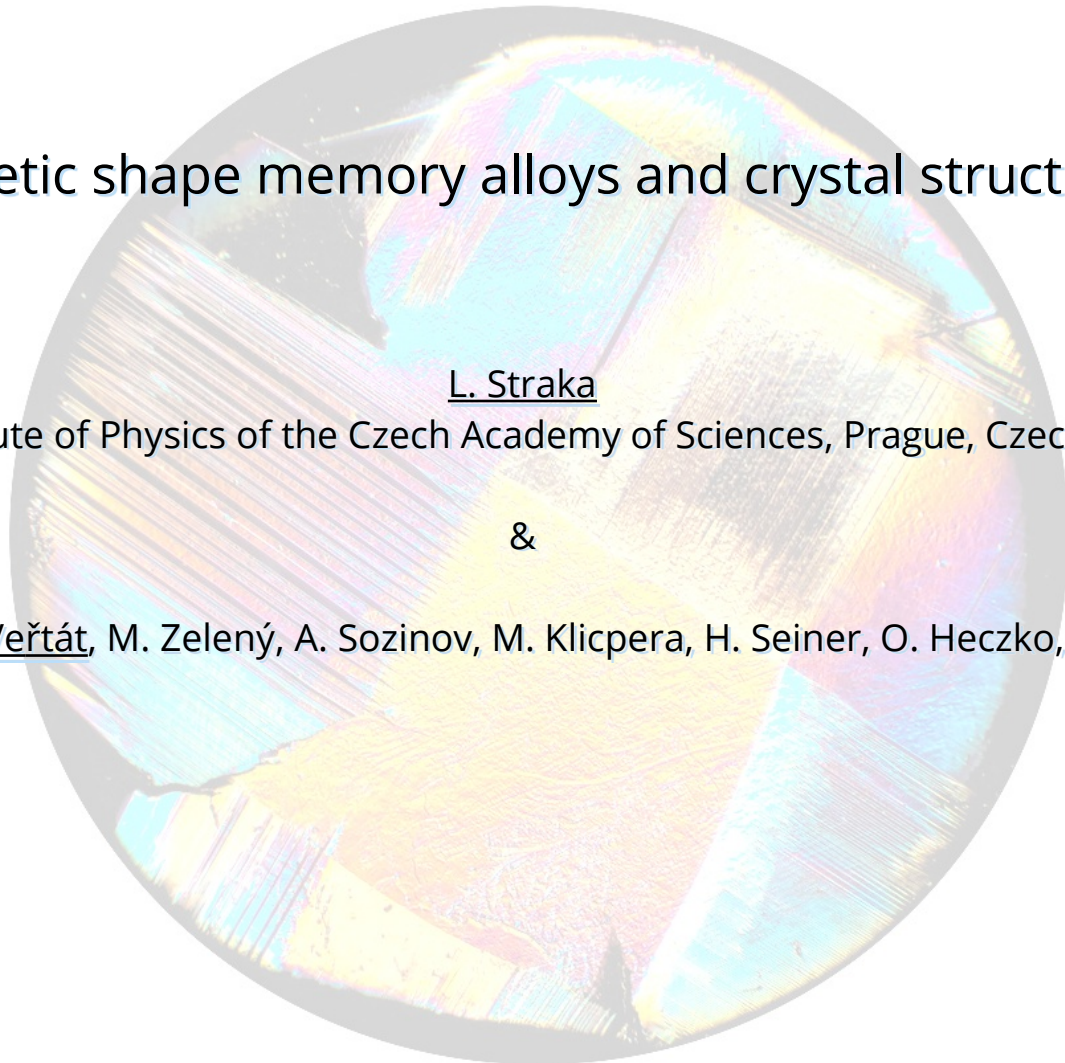
The magic of magnetic shape memory alloys and crystal structure perspective

L. Straka

FZU – Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic

&

P. Veřtát, M. Zelený, A. Sozinov, M. Klicpera, H. Seiner, O. Heczko, ...



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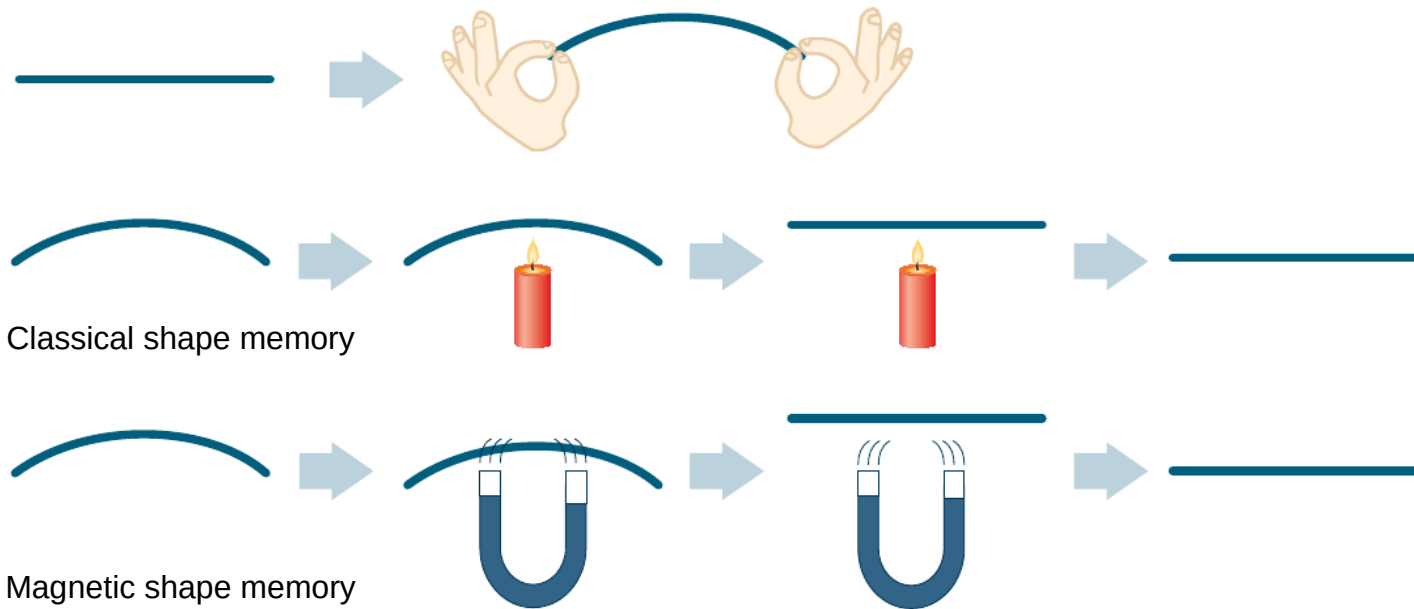
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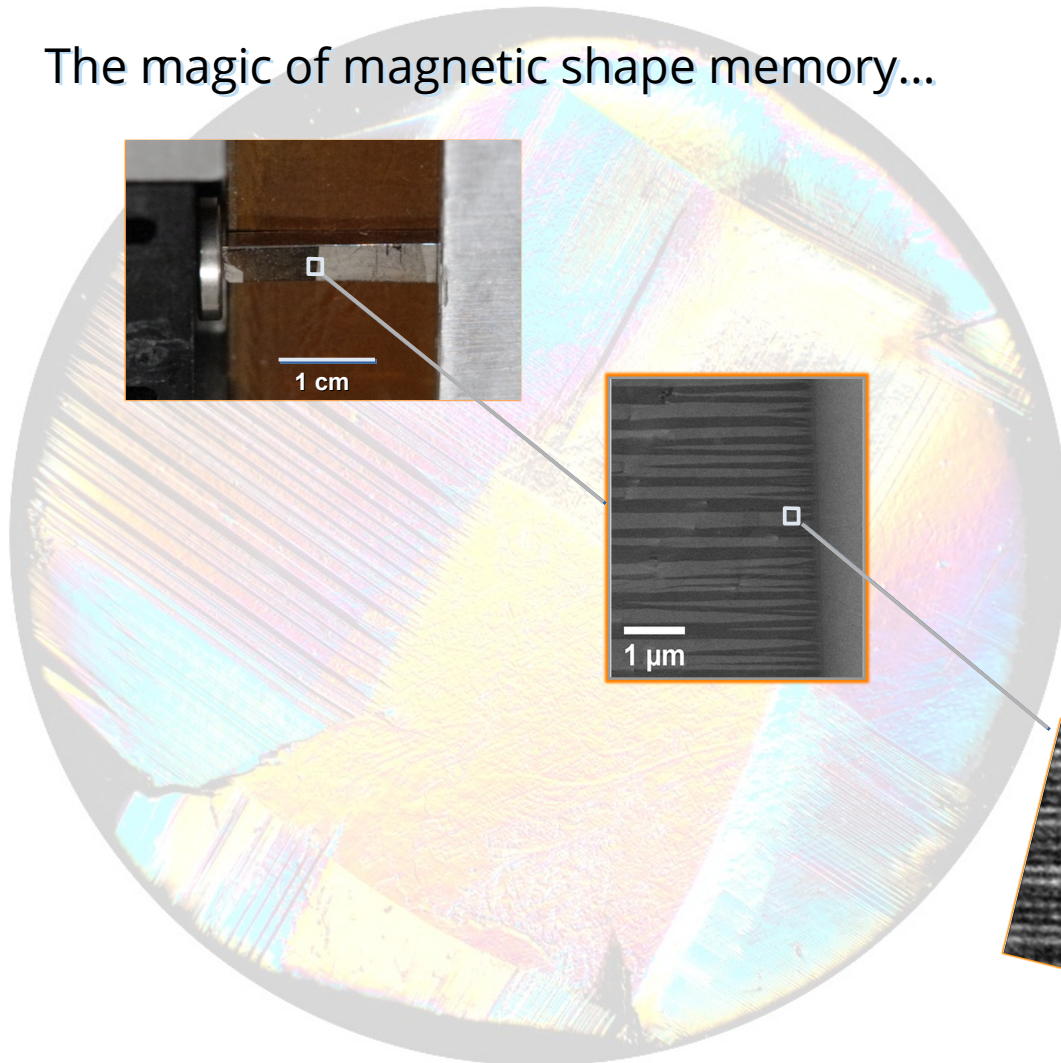


The magic of magnetic shape memory...

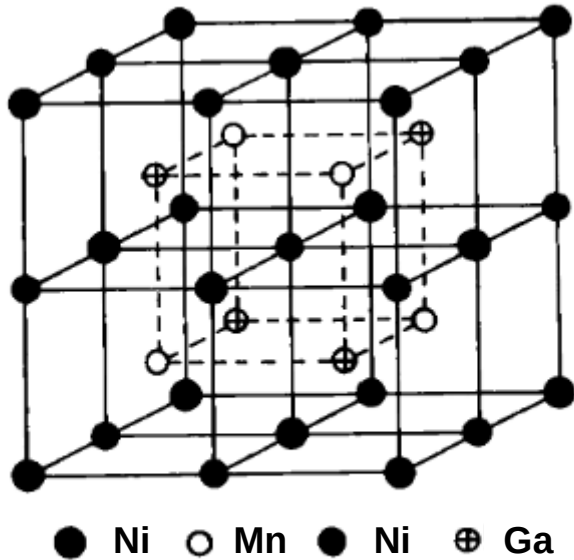


The magic of magnetic shape memory...

- Intro & Macrotwins
- *Movie with examples*
- Microtwins
- Nanotwins
- Summary

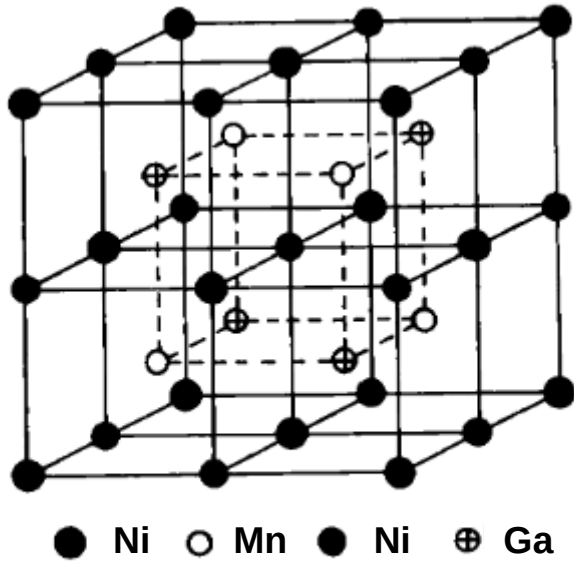


Ni₂MnGa (Ni₅₀Mn₂₅Ga₂₅) with the Heusler L₂₁ structure as the prototype MSM alloy



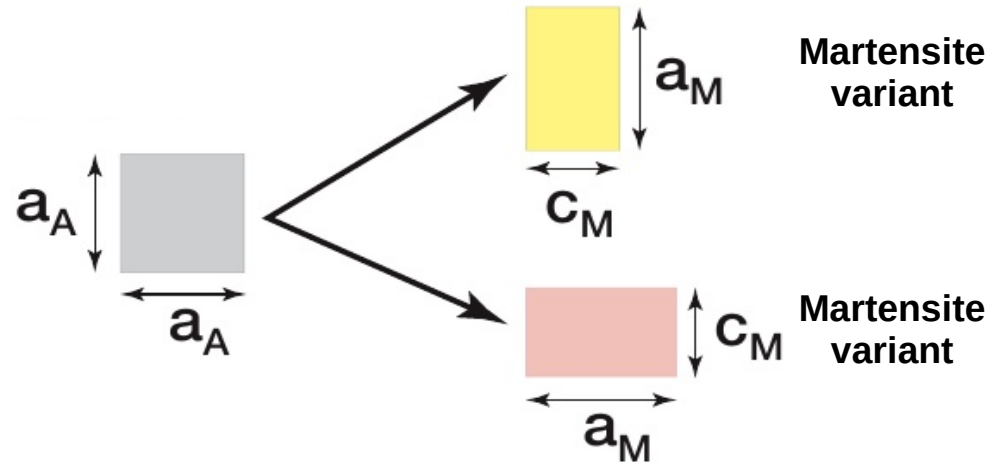
(alternatives: Fe-Pt, Fe-Pd, Nd, La_{2-x}Sr_xCuO₄)

Ni₂MnGa (Ni₅₀Mn₂₅Ga₂₅) with the Heusler L2₁ structure as the prototype MSM alloy



Cubic austenite

Tetragonal martensite

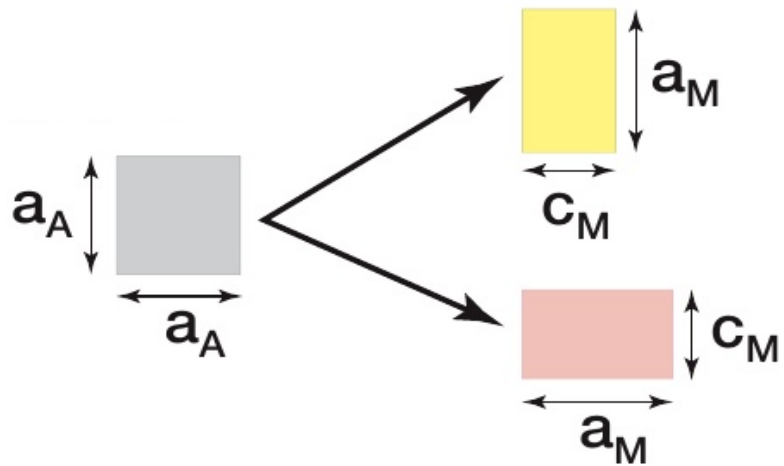


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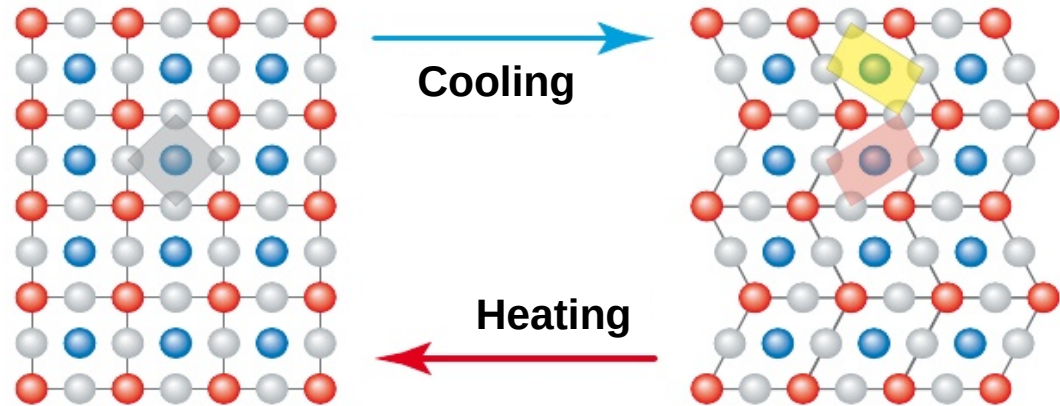
Cubic austenite

Tetragonal martensite

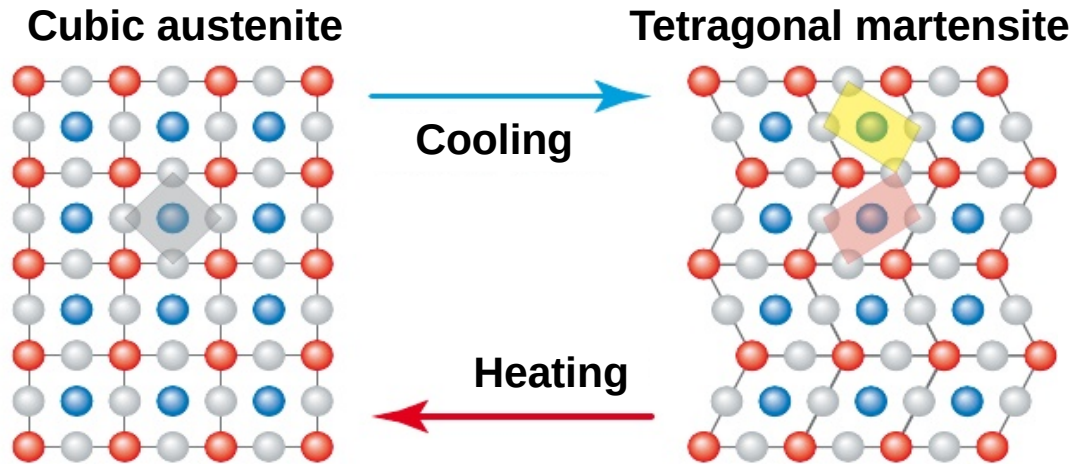


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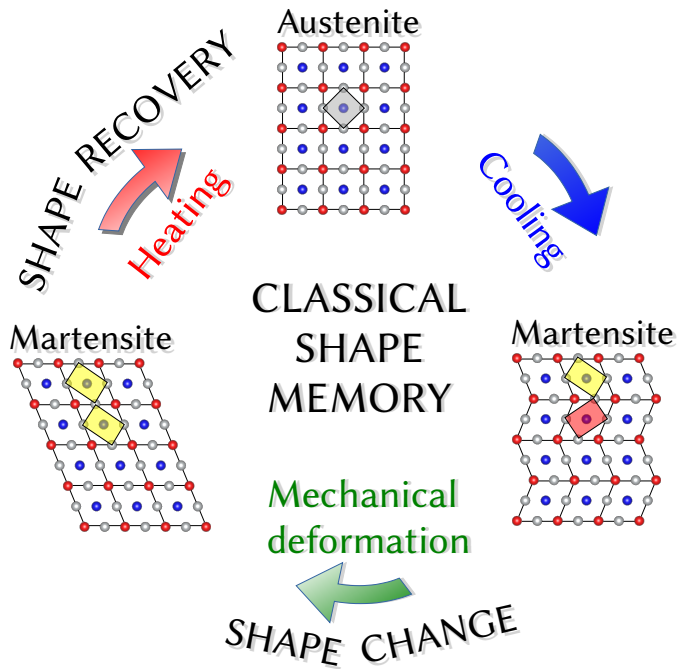
Tetragonal martensite



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Martensite variant 1

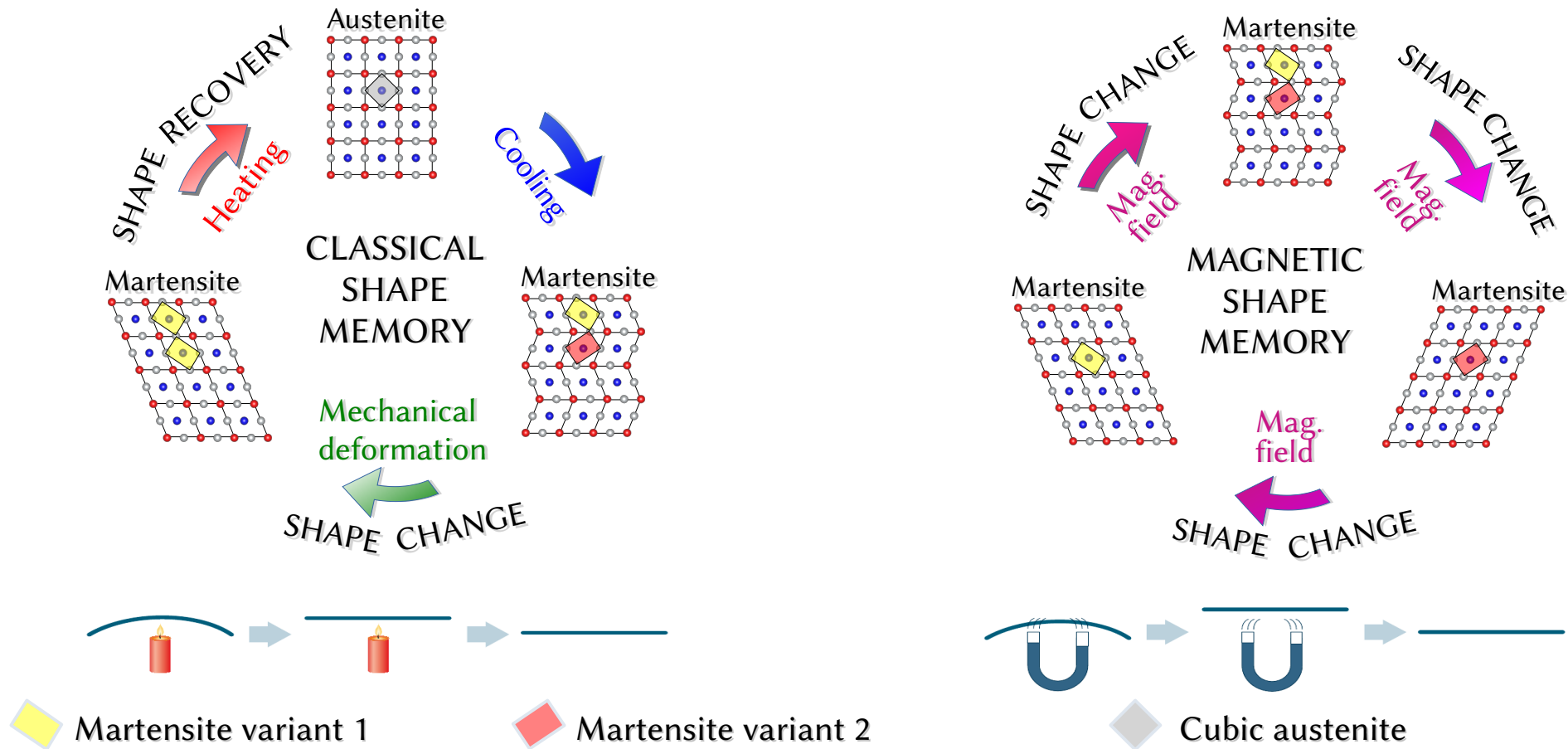


Martensite variant 2

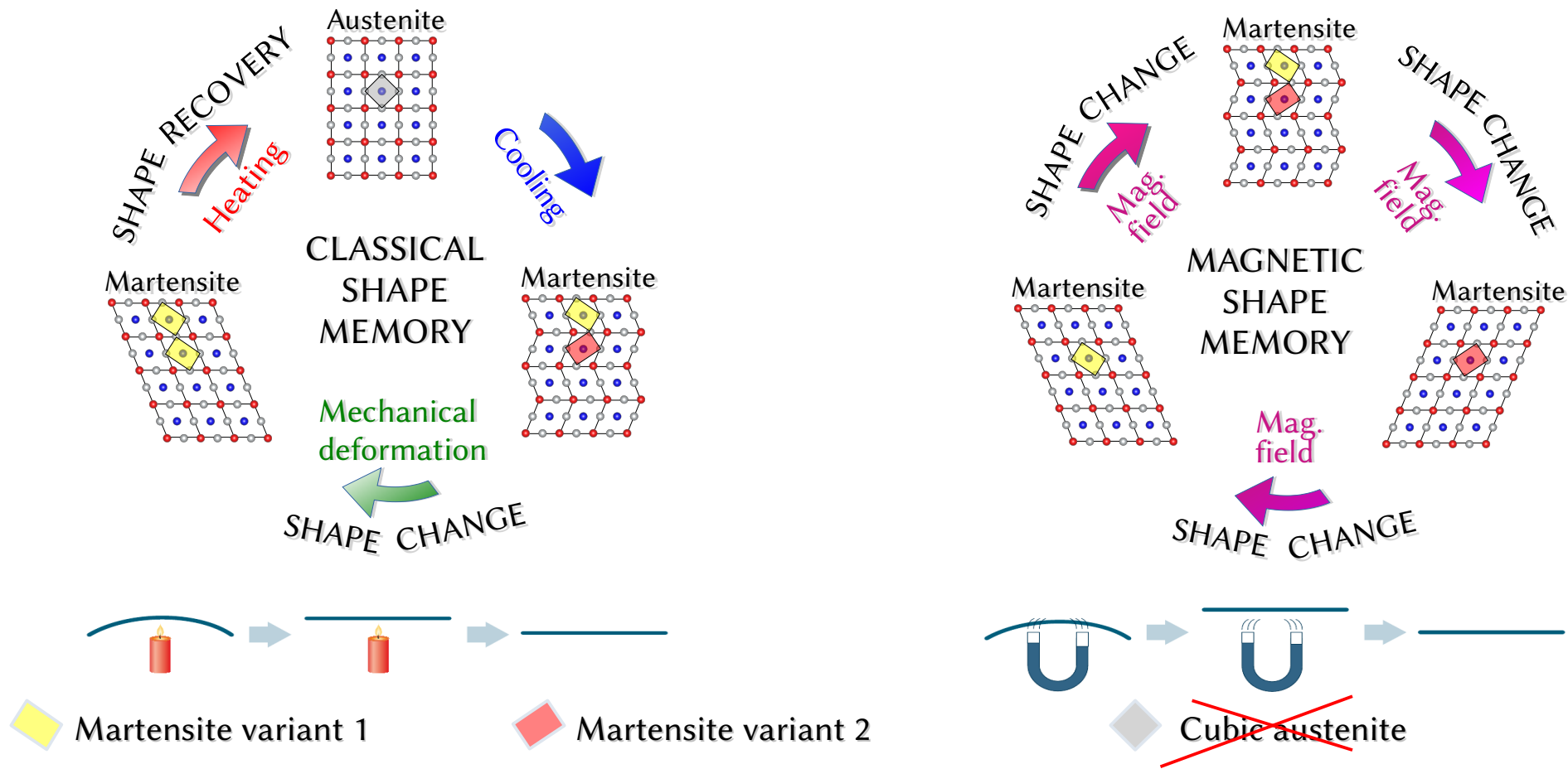


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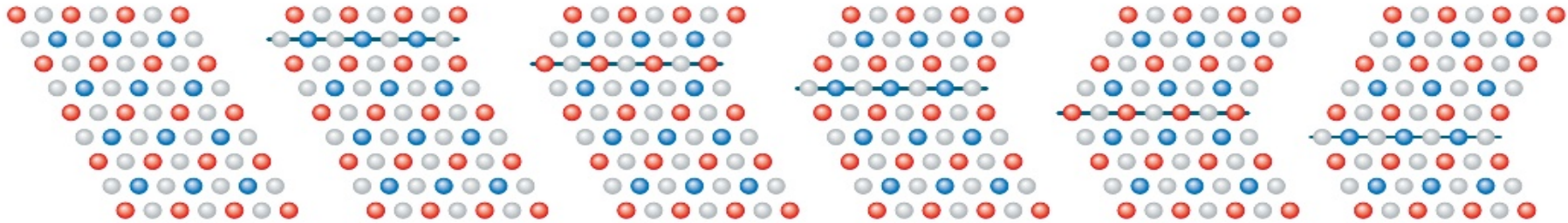
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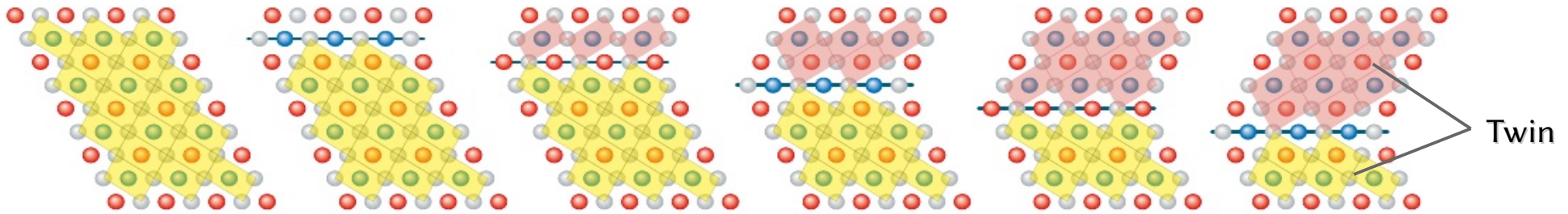


Martensite variant 1




Martensite variant 2

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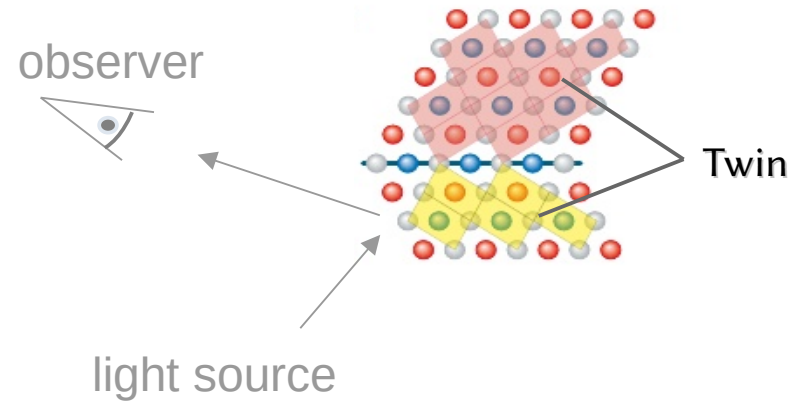
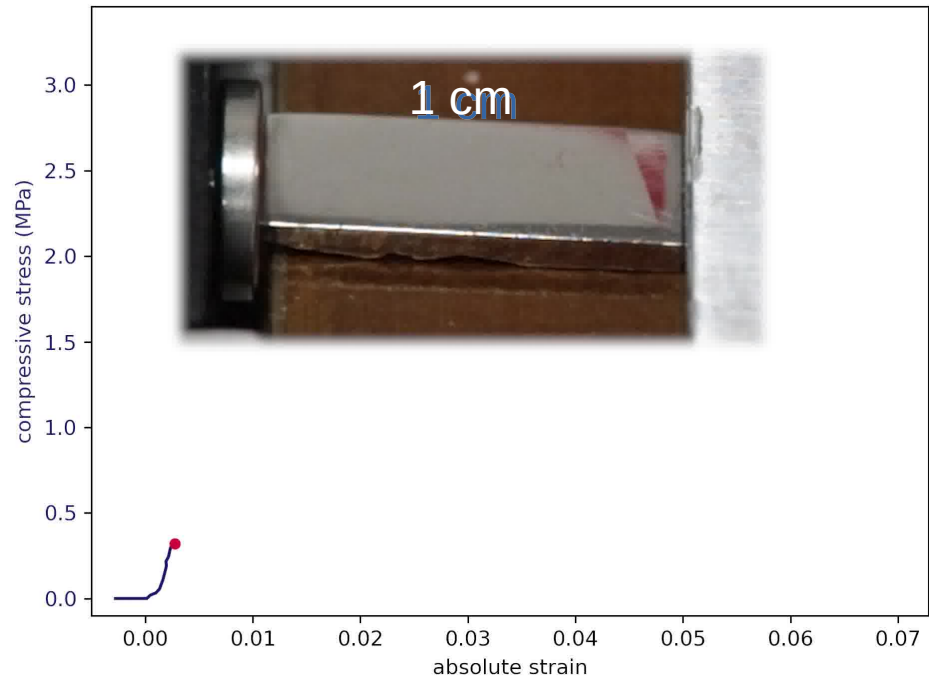


 Martensite variant 1

 Martensite variant 2


 Twin boundary, (101) plane

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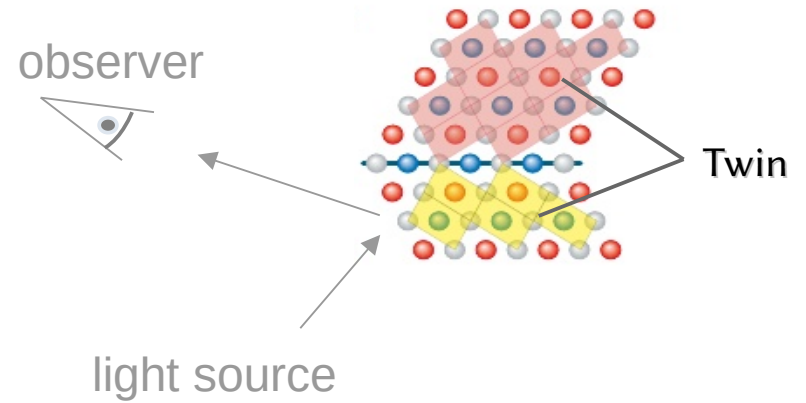
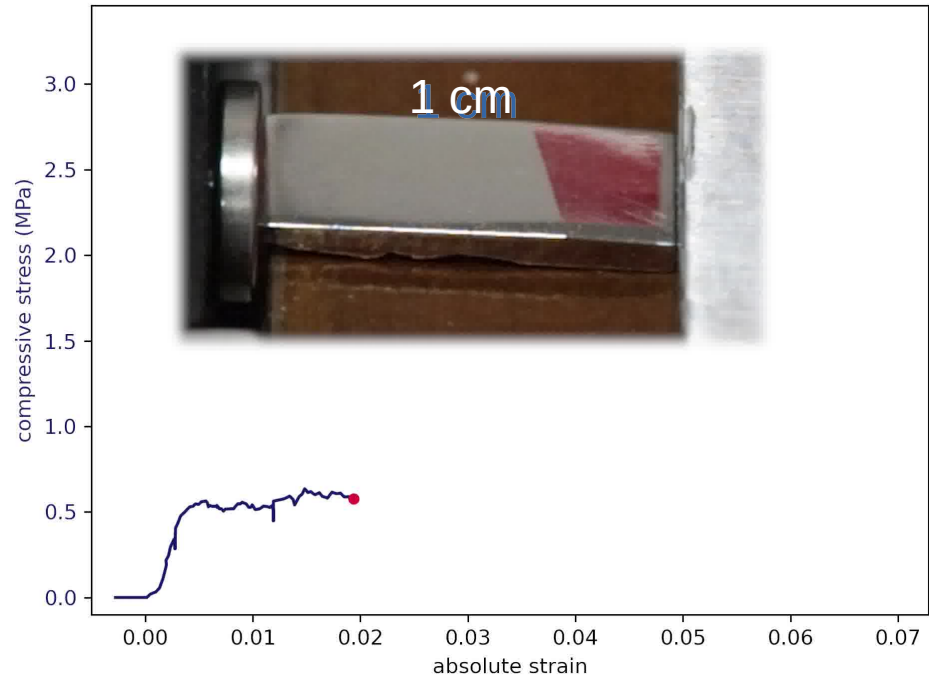
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 Twin boundary, (101) plane


Musienko, Denys, et al. J. Materials Research and Technology 14 (2021): 1934-1944.

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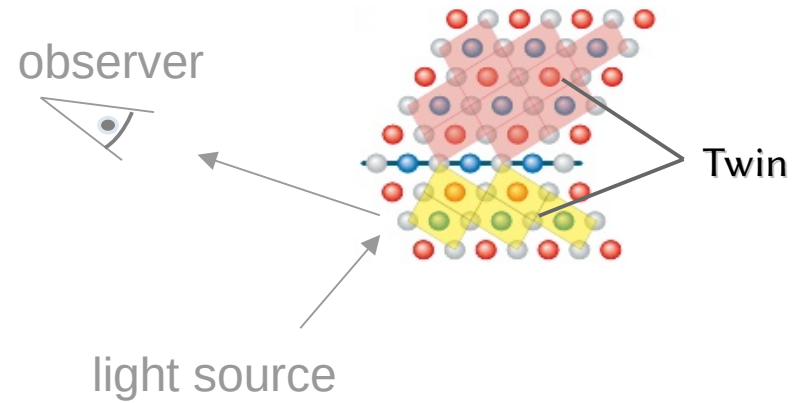
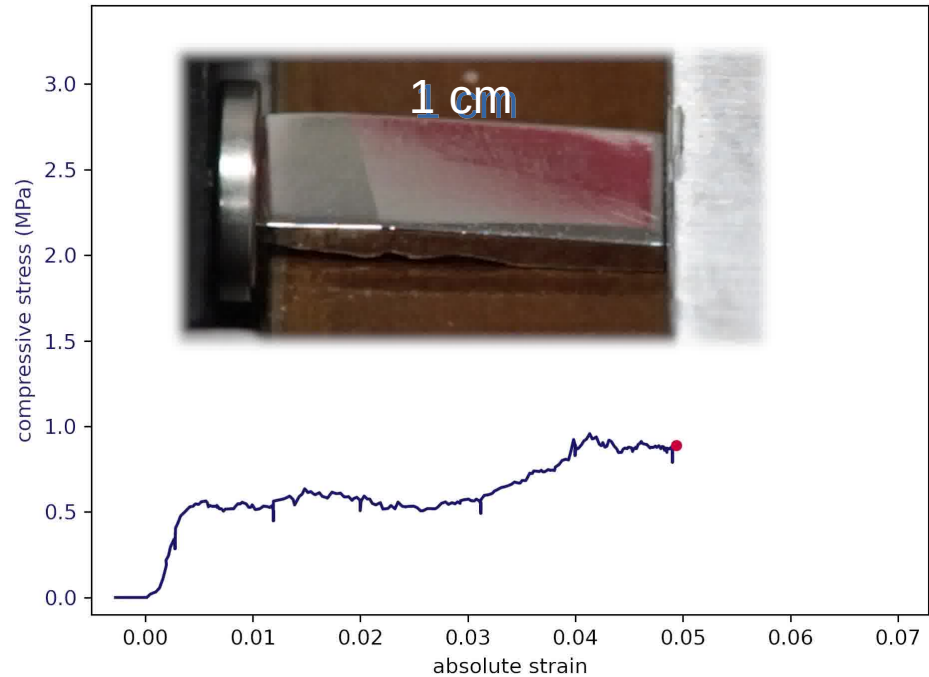
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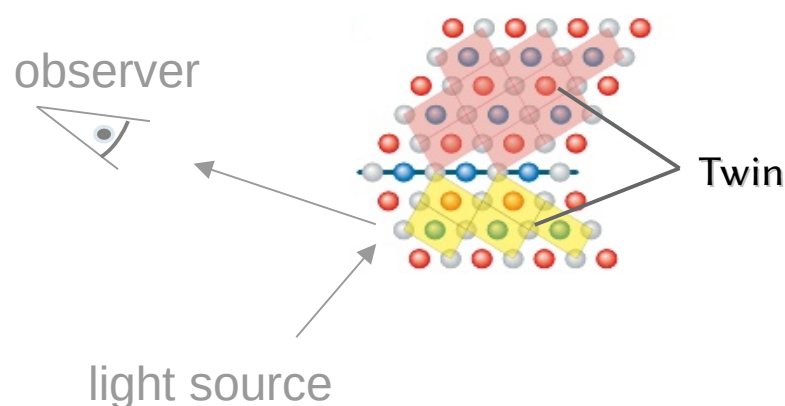
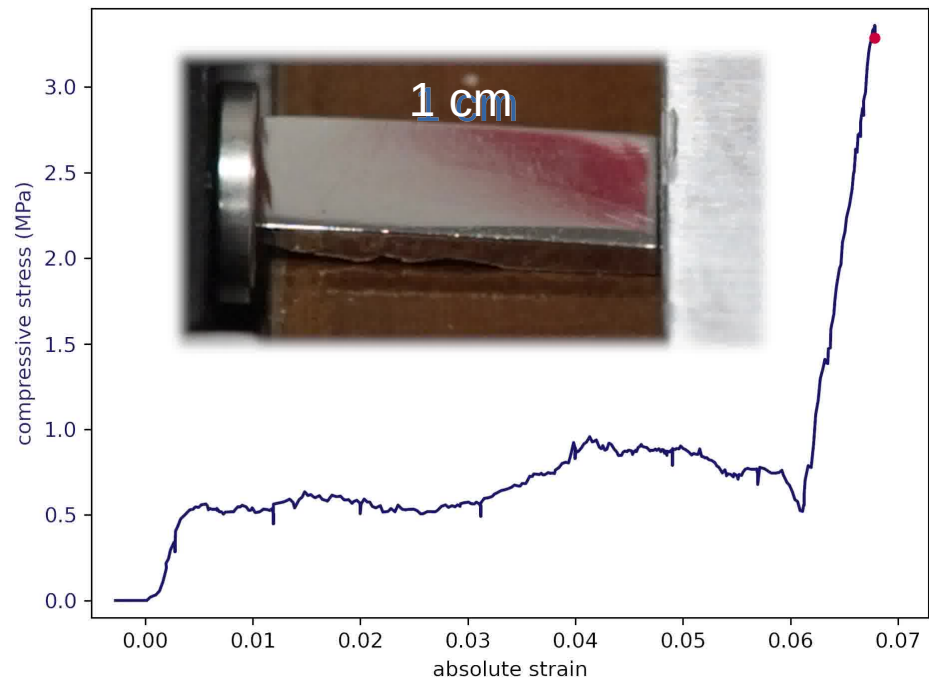
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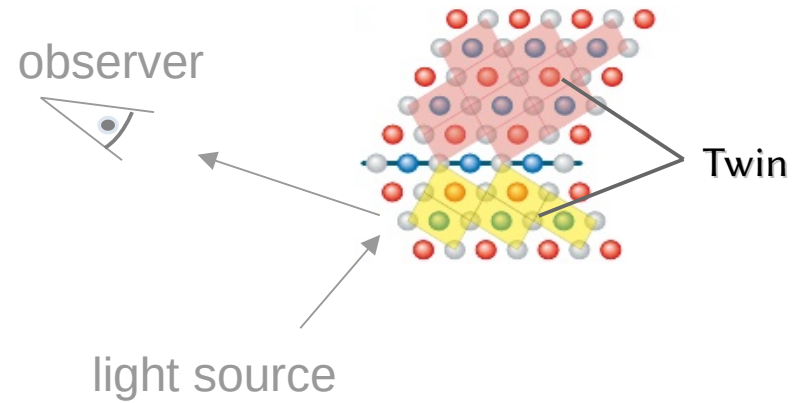
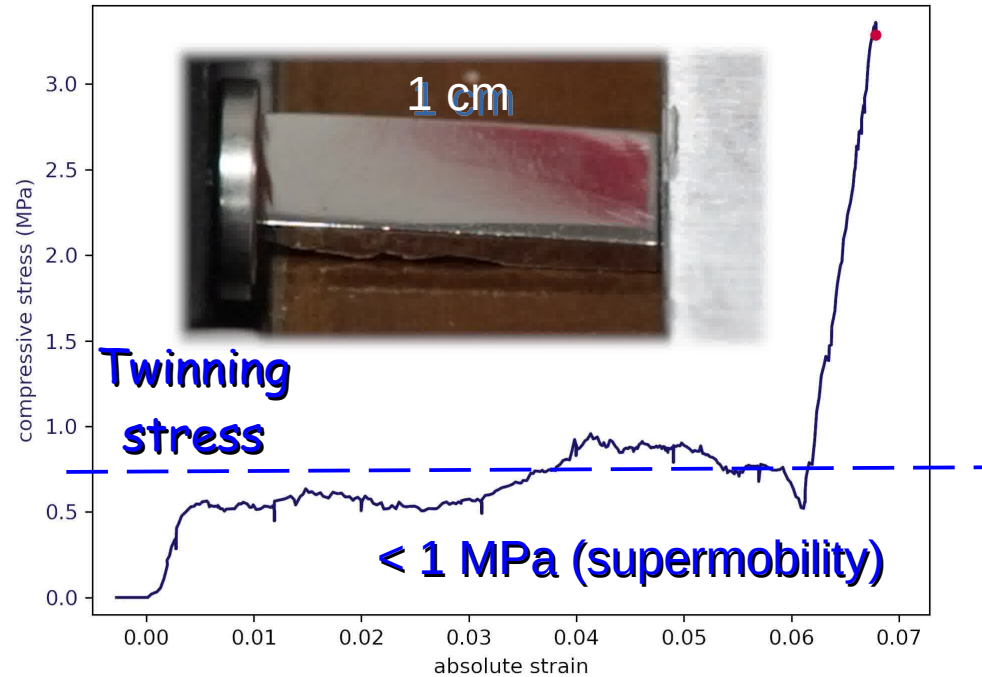
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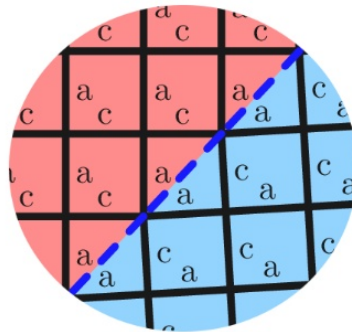
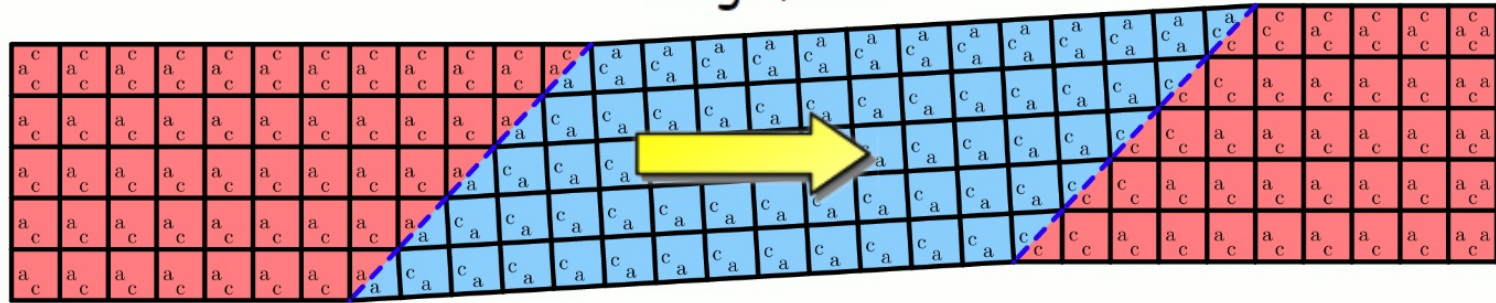
 Martensite variant 2

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Musienko, Denys, et al. J. Materials Research and Technology 14 (2021): 1934-1944.

Motivation

Mag. field



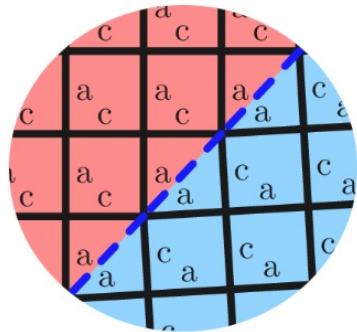
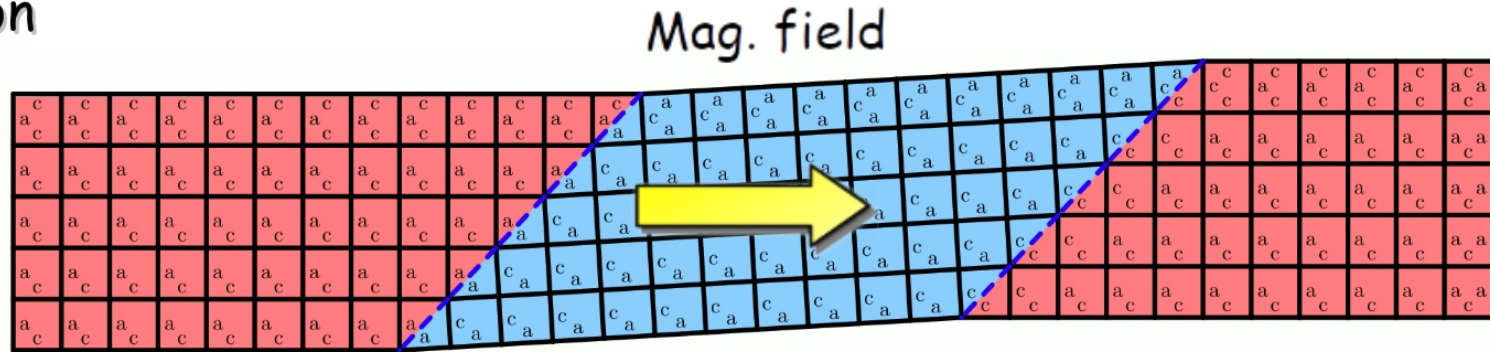
$$W_{MECH} = \sigma_{TW} \cdot \epsilon_0$$

$$\Delta W_{MAG} = K_U$$

$$\Delta W_{MAG} > W_{MECH}$$

$$\sigma_{TW} < K_U / \epsilon_0$$

Motivation



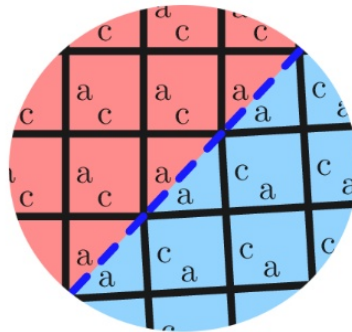
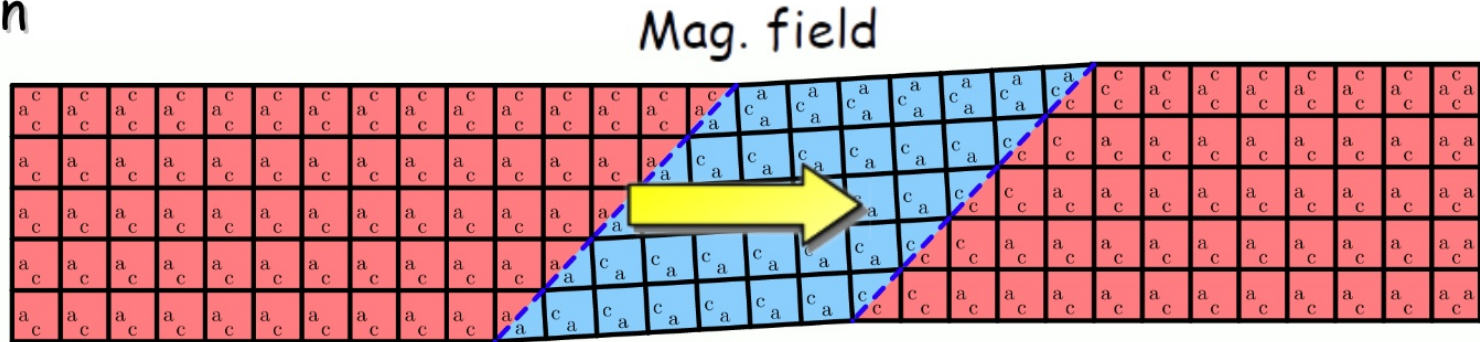
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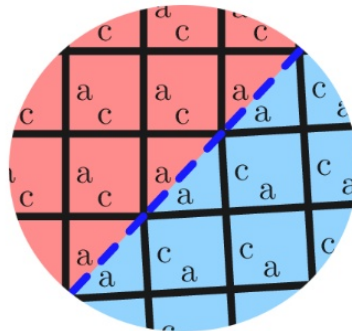
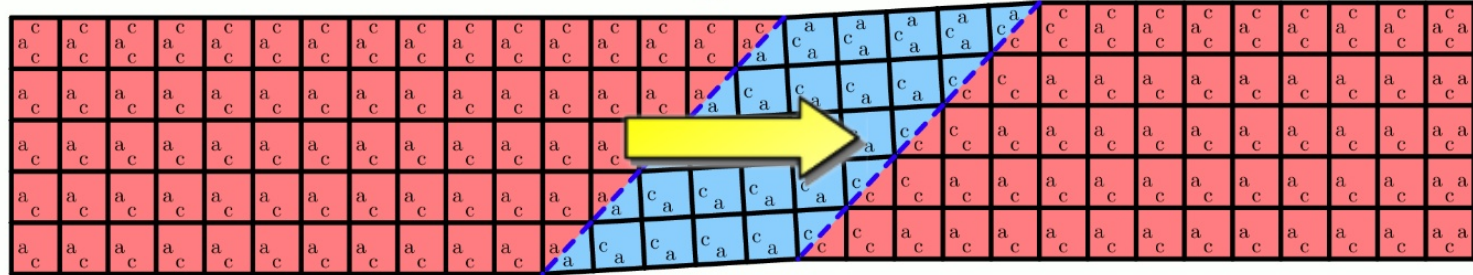
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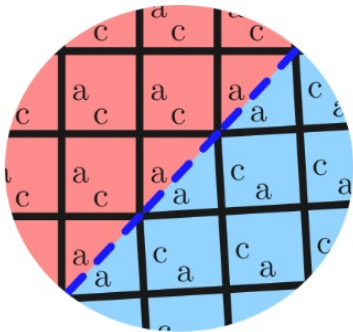
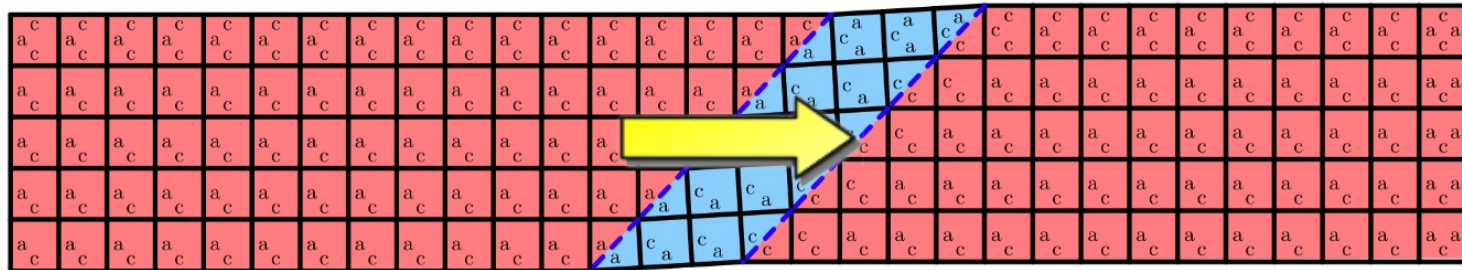
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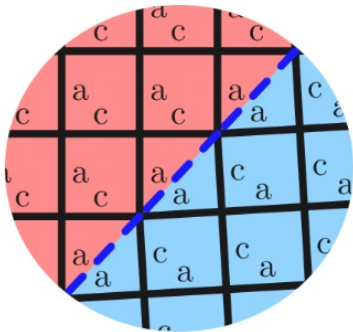
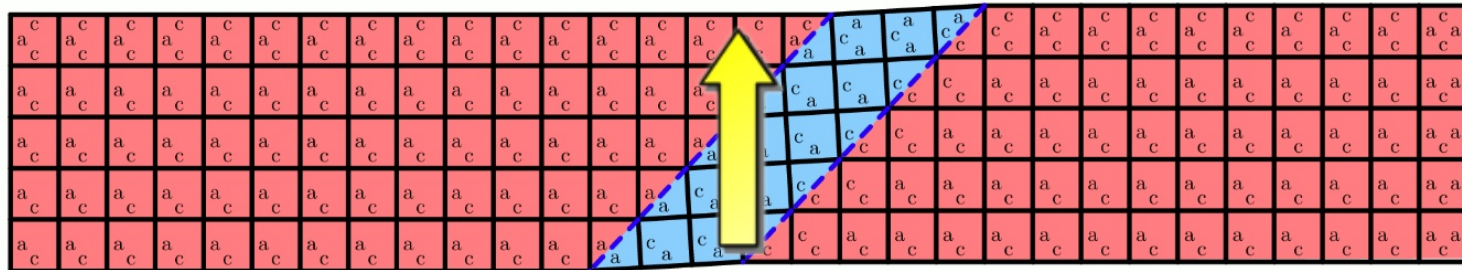
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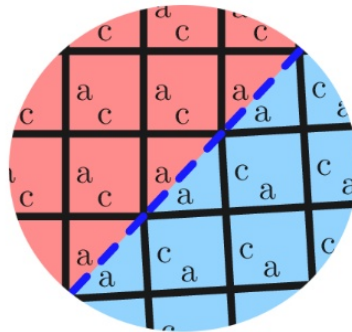
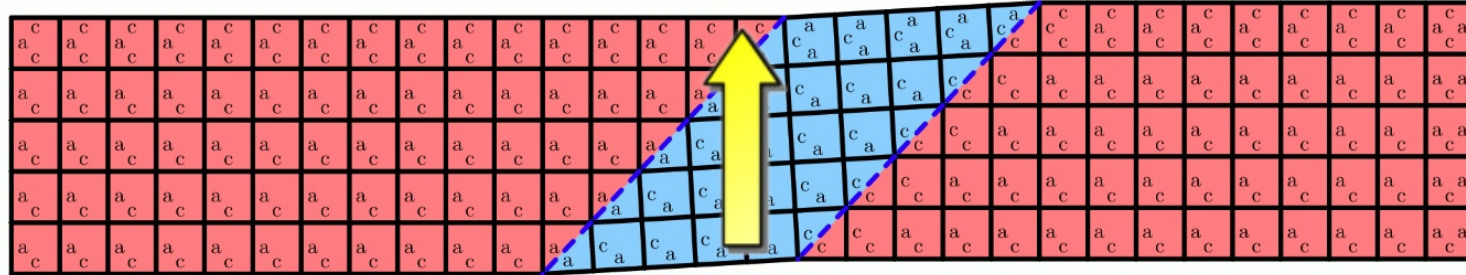
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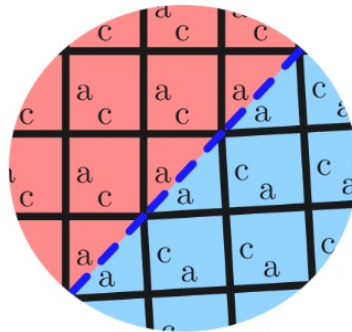
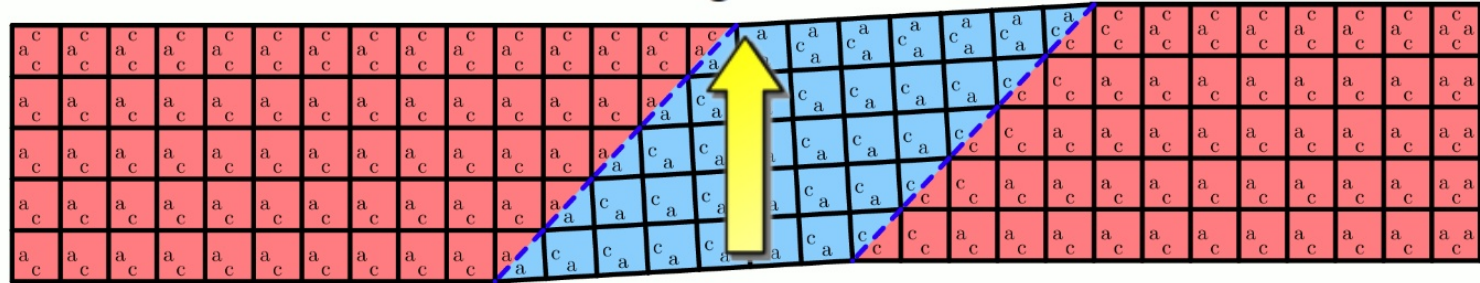
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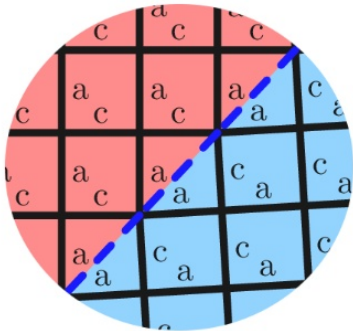
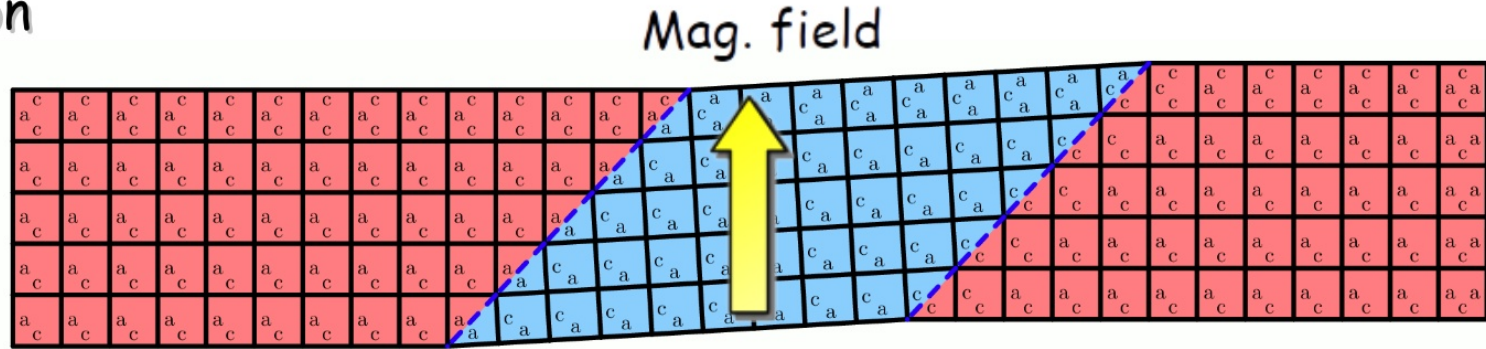
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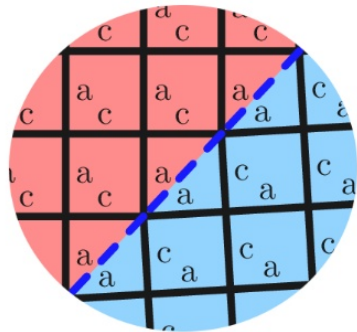
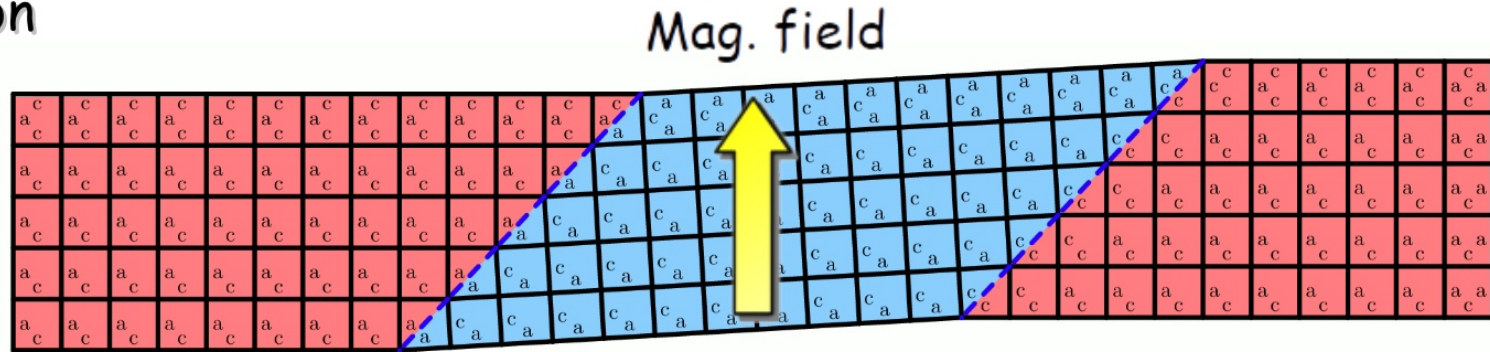
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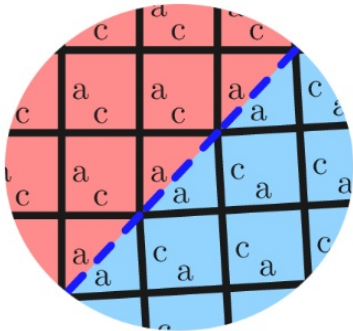
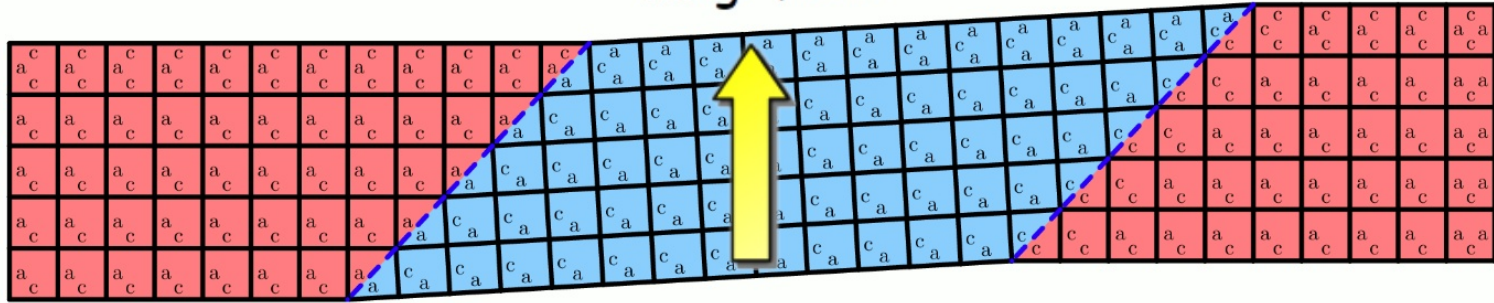
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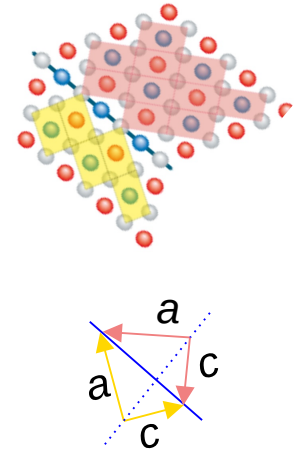
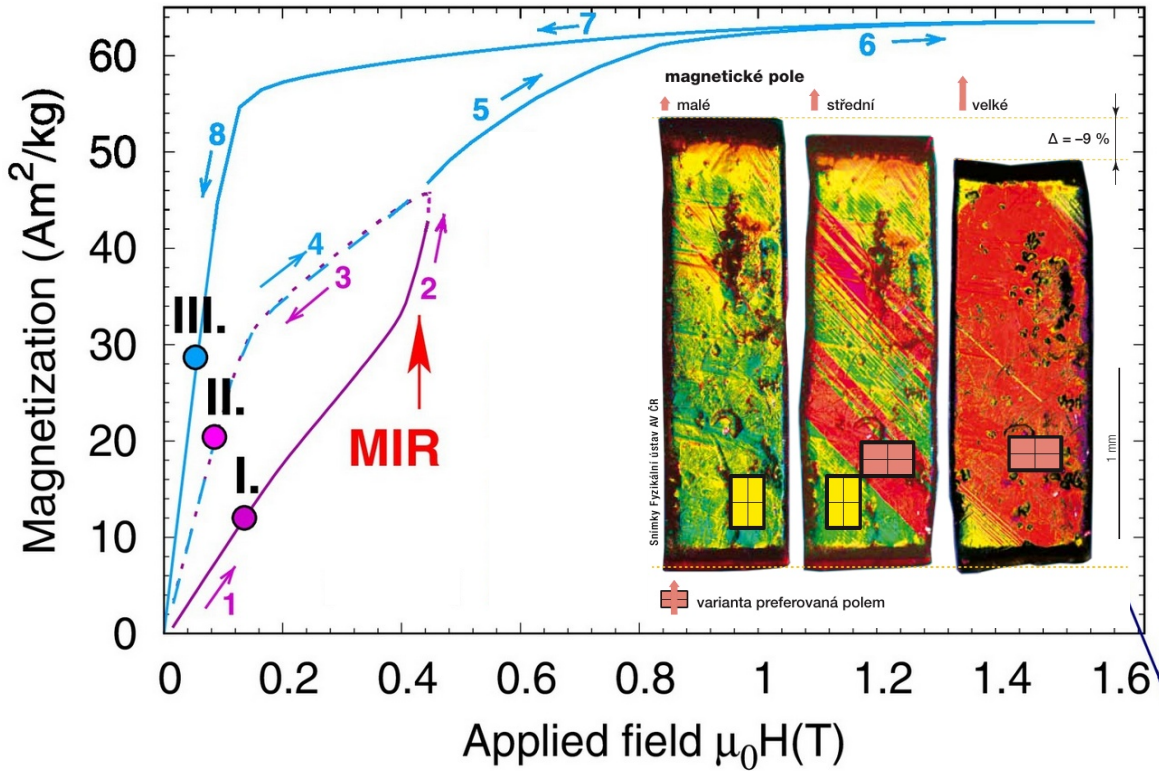
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Magnetic Shape Memory Effect

Mart. reorientation
MIR, ~ 0.01 -1 T

Mart. transformation
MIM, ~ 1-100 T



◊ Martensite variant 1

◊ Martensite variant 2

●●● Twin boundary, (101) plane

Rameš, M., et al., Scripta Materialia 142 (2018): 61-65.

Summary I

- Prototype magnetic shape material = **single crystal of Ni-Mn-Ga**
- **Deformation up to 12% in mag. field observable macroscopically (naked eye)**
- Key enabler of the effect = **supermobility of twin boundaries** (1 MPa)
- Key principle = **switching between martensite variants** (reorientation) of tetragonal lattice
 - mechanically
 - **by magnetic field** (3 MPa)
- **No phase transformation directly involved**

